RV 1.114 ṛṣi: kutsa āṅgirasa; devatā: rudra; chanda: jagatī, 10-11 triṣṭup

इमा रुद्राय तवसे कपर्दिने क्षयद्वीराय प्र भरामहे मतीः । यथा शम् असद् द्विपदे चतुष्पदे विश्वम् पुष्टं ग्रामे अस्मिन्न् अनातुरम् ॥ १-११४-०१ मृळा नो रुद्रोत नो मयस् कृधि क्षयद्वीराय नमसा विधेम ते । यच् छं च योश् च मनुर् आयेजे पिता तद् अश्याम तव रुद्र प्रणीतिषु ॥ १-११४-०२ अञ्चाम ते सुमितं देवयज्यया क्षयद्वीरस्य तर्व रुद्र मीद्वः । सुम्नायन् इद् विशो अस्माकम् आ चरारिष्टवीरा जुहवाम ते हविः ॥ १-११४-०३ त्वेषं वयं रुद्रं यज्ञसाधं वङ्कं कविम् अवसे नि ह्वयामहे । आरे अस्मद् दैव्यं हेळों अस्यतु सुमितम् इद् वयम् अस्या वृंणीमहे ॥ १-११४-०४ दिवो वराहम् अरुषं कपर्दिनं त्वेषं रूपं नमसा नि ह्वयामहे । हस्ते बिभ्रद् भेषजा वार्याणि शर्म वर्म छिद्र् अस्मभ्यं यँसत् ॥ १-११४-०५ इदं पित्रे मरुताम् उच्यते वचः स्वादोः स्वादीयो रुद्राय वर्धनम् । रास्वा च नो अमृत मर्तभोजनं त्मने तोकाय तनयाय मृळ ॥ १-११४-०६ मा नो महान्तम् उत मा नो अर्भकम् मा न उक्षन्तम् उत मा न उक्षितम् । मा नो वधीः पितरम् मोत मातरम् मा नः प्रियास् तन्वो रुद्र रीरिषः ॥ १-११४-०७ मा नस् तोके तनये मा न आयो मा नो गोषु मा नो अश्वेषु रीरिषः । वीरान् मा नो रुद्र भामितो वधीर् हविष्मन्तः सदम् इत् त्वा हवामहे ॥ १-११४-०८ उपं ते स्तोमान् पशुपा इवाकरं रास्वां पितर् मरुतां सुम्नम् अस्मे । भद्रा हि ते सुमितर् मृळयत्तमाथा वयम् अव इत् ते वृणीमहे ॥ १-११४-०९ आरे ते गोघ्नम् उत पूरुषघ्नं क्षयद्वीर सुम्नम् अस्मे ते अस्तु । मृळा च नो अधि च ब्रूहि देवाधा च नः शर्म यच्छ द्विबर्हाः ॥ १-११४-१०

अवोचाम नमो अस्मा अवस्यवः शुणोतुं नो हवं रुद्रो मरुत्वान् । तन् नो मित्रो वरुणो मामहन्ताम् अदितिः सिन्धुः पृथिवी उत द्योः ॥ १-११४-११

Analysis of RV 1.114

इमा रुद्राय तवसे कपर्दिने क्षयद्वीराय प्र भरामहे मतीः । यथा शम् असद् द्विपदे चतुष्पदे विश्वम् पुष्टं ग्रामे अस्मिन्न् अनातुरम् ॥ १-११४-०१

imá rudráya taváse kapardíne ksayádvīrāya prá bharāmahe matīh váthā sám ásad dvipáde cátuspade vísvam pustám gráme asmínn anāturám 1.114.01

To the strong Rudra bring we these our songs of praise, to him the Lord of Heros with the braided hair, That it be well with all our cattle and our men, that in this village all be healthy and well-fed.

<u>Interpretation:</u>
"These thoughts, *imā matīḥ*, we bring to Rudra, Strong, *rudrāya tavase* bharāmahe, who has the mutted hair, kapardine, a leader of the hero souls, ksayadvīrāya!

That all be well, yathā śam asat, for both ways of living (for the soul and for the body), dvipade catuspade, all is to be grown, viśvam pustam, together, grāme asmin, and all be free from suffering, anāturam.

Vocabulary:

kapardin, mfn. wearing braided and knotted hair (like the cowrie shell) RV. VS.; (said of Rudra, Pūshan, &c.) shaggy RV. x, 102, 8; (ī) m. N. of Śiva Gaut. MBh. &c.; of one of the eleven Rudras VP.

ksayadvīra, mfn. ruling or governing men (Indra, Rudra, and Pūṣan) RV.; ['possessed of abiding or of going heroes such as sons &c.' Sāy.]

kṣi 1. P. kṣayati (Subj. 1. kṣayat RV. vi , 23 , 10 and vii , 20 , 6 ; x , 106 , 7 ; pr. p. kṣayat), to possess, have power over, rule, govern, be master of (gen.) RV. anātura, mfn. free from suffering or weariness RV. &c.; well.

मृळा नो रुद्रोत नो मयस् कृधि क्षयद्वीराय नमसा विधेम ते । यच् छं च योश् च मनुर् आयेजे पिता तद् अञ्चाम तव रुद्र प्रणीतिषु ॥ १-११४-०२

mrlā no rudra utá no máyas krdhi kṣayádvīrāya námasā vidhema te yác cháṃ ca yóś ca mánur āyejé pitā tád aśyāma táva rudra práṇītiṣu 1.114.02

2

Be gracious unto us, O Rudra, bring us joy: thee, Lord of Heroes, thee with reverence will we serve. Whatever health and strength our father Manu won by sacrifice may we, under thy guidance, gain.

Interpretation:

"Be soft to us, $m\underline{r}l\bar{a}$ $na\underline{h}$, O Rudra, and create for us Delight, uta no mayas $k\underline{r}dhi$, to you we bring our obeisance with surrender, $namas\bar{a}$ vidhema te, who is the leader of hero souls, $ksayadv\bar{i}r\bar{a}ya$!

And what deep peace and procreating strength, *yac cham ca yoś ca,* Manu, our Father, *pitā,* gained by the Sacrifice, *āyeje,* may we get (enjoy) that, *tad aśyāma,* O Rudra, under you leadership, *tava praṇītiṣu."*

Vocabulary:

praṇīti, f. *conduct* , *leading* , *guidance* RV. AV.; *leading away* AV. āyaj, 1.P. and A., *to make oblations or offer* (to gods) RV. AV.; *to do homage* , *honour* RV. VS.; *to receive or procure through offerings* , *gain* RV. VS. ŚBr.

aśyāma te sumatím devayajyáyā kṣayádvīrasya táva rudra mīḍhuvaḥ sumnāyánn íd víśo asmākam ā cara áriṣṭavīrā juhavāma te havíḥ 1.114.03

3
By worship of the Gods may we, O Bounteous One, O Rudra, gain thy grace,
Ruler of valiant men. Come to our families, bringing them bliss: may we, whose
heroes are uninjured, bring thee sacred gifts.

Interpretation:

"May we enjoy (realize) your Perfect Thought, aśyāma te sumatim, by our sacrificing to the Gods, devayajyayā, of you, who is the Master of the soul-power, kṣayadvīrasya, O Rudra, O Bestower of heavenly Waters, mīḍhvaḥ! Come to our kind, fulfilled by (or realising) the Perfect Thought, sumnāyan id viśo asmākam ā cara, may we offer you the offering, juhavāma te haviḥ, being not hurt in our hero-strength, ariṣṭavīrāḥ."

Vocabulary:

devayajyā, f. worship of the gods , a sacrifice RV. Br. &c.; (instr. also -jyā RV. x , 30 , 11 &c.)

mīḍhvas, mfn. (declined like a pf. p.; nom, mīḍhvan, voc. mīḍhvas; dat. mīḍhuṣe &c.), bestowing richly, bountiful, liberal RV. &c. &c.

sumnāya, Nom. P. -yati (only p. -nāyat) , to be gracious or favourable RV.; to be glad or cheerful , triumph ib.

arista-vīra, mfn. whose heroes are unhurt RV. i 114, 3 and AV. iii, 12, 1.

tveşám vayám rudarám yajñasādham vankúm kavím ávase ní hvayāmahe āré asmád daíviyam hélo asyatu sumatím íd vayám asyā vṛṇīmahe 1.114.04

4

Hither we call for aid the wise, the wanderer, impetuous Rudra, perfecter of sacrifice. May he repel from us the anger of the Gods: verily we desire his favourable grace.

Interpretation:

"We call for ever down, *ni hvayāmahe,* for help and growth, *avase,* the one who brings us to the goal of Sacrifice, *yajñasādham,* Impatient Seer, *vaṅkum kavim,* Rudra, Flaming Power, *tveṣam.* May he throw far away from us, *āre asmad asyatu,* the wrath divine, *daivyam helaḥ,* and what we seek of him is Perfect Thought, *sumatim id vayam asyā vṛṇīmahe."*

Vocabulary:

yajñasādh, mfn. *performing sacrifice* RV. vaṅku, mfn. *going crookedly or hurriedly , hastening , rash* RV. heḍ, (cf. hel and hīḍ) cl. 1. A. heḍate, *to be or make angry or hostile* (krudhyati-karman Naigh. ii , 14)

divó varāhám aruṣáṃ kapardínaṃ tveṣáṃ rūpáṃ námasā ní hvayāmahe háste bíbhrad bheṣajā vāriyāṇi śárma várma chardír asmábhya yamsat 1.114.05

5

Him with the braided hair we call with reverence down, the wild-boar of the sky, the red, the dazzling shape. May he, his hand filled full of sovran medicines, grant us protection, shelter, and a home secure.

Interpretation:

"A [striking] Boar of Heaven, *divo varāham*, Rudy, *aruṣam*, with mutted hair, *kapardinam*, [you] of a glittering and terrible Form we call upon for ever down, *ni hvayāmahe*, with our surrendering, *namasā*!

May He who has best of the cures, *haste bibhrad bheṣajā vāryāṇi*, grant us, *asmabhya yaṃsat*, peaceful refuge, protection and the shelter, *śarma varma chrdih*."

Vocabulary:

kapardin, mfn. wearing braided and knotted hair (like the cowrie shell) RV. VS. (said of Rudra, Pushan, &c.)

tveṣa, mfn. vehement, impetuous, causing fear, awful RV.; brilliant, glittering RV.

idám pitré marútām ucyate vácaḥ svādóḥ svādīyo rudarāya várdhanam rāsvā ca no amṛta martabhójanaṃ tamáne tokāya tánayāya mṛla 1.114.06

6

To him the Maruts' Father is this hymn addressed, to strengthen Rudra's might, a song more sweet than sweet. Grant us, Immortal One, the food which mortals eat: be gracious unto me, my seed, my progeny.

Interpretation:

"This word is spoken, *idam ucyate vacaḥ*, to the Father of Maruts, *pitre marutām*, the sweetest of all, *svādoḥ svādīyaḥ*, for Rudra and his growth [here], *rudrāya vardhanam*! O Immortal, *amṛṭa*, grant us the mortal enjoyment, *rāsvā ca no martabhojanam*, be soft to us, *tmane mṛla*, to our offspring and our future expansion, *tokāya tanayāya*."

मा नो महान्तम् उत मा नो अर्भकम् मा न उक्षन्तम् उत मा न उक्षितम् । मा नो वधीः पितरम् मोत मातरम् मा नः प्रियास् तन्वो रुद्र रीरिषः ॥ १-११४-०७

mā no mahāntam utá mā no arbhakám mā na úkṣantam utá mā na ukṣitám mā no vadhīḥ pitáram mótá mātáram mā naḥ priyās tanúvo rudra rīriṣaḥ 1.114.07

7

O Rudra, harm not either great or small of us, harm not the growing boy, harm not the full—grown man. Slay not a sire among us, slay no mother here, and to our own dear bodies, Rudra, do not harm.

Interpretation:

"Do not destroy, *mā rīriṣaḥ*, O Rudra, our great one and infant, *no mahāntam uta no arbhakam*, that which is growing in us and what is grown, *ukṣantam uta na ukṣitam*, do not strike our Father and our Mother, *mā no vadhīh*, *pitaram mota mātaram*, do not destroy our beloved bodies, *mā naḥ priyās tanuvo rīrisah*."

Vocabulary:

arbhaka, mfn. *small* , *minute* RV. AV. VS.; *weak* RV. vii , 33 , 6 AV. (used together with kumāraka) *young* , *childish* RV. viii , 30 , 1 and 69 , 15; m. *a boy* , *child* Ragh. &c. , *the young of any animal* Śak. (v.l.) Kād. ; a fool , idiot L. riş (cf. riś) cl. 1. 4. P. (Dhātup. xvii , 43 and xxvi , 120 v.l.) , *to be hurt or injured* ,

riş (cf. riś) cl. 1. 4. P. (Dhātup. xvii , 43 and xxvi , 120 v.l.) , to be hurt or injured , receive harm , suffer wrong , perish , be lost , fail RV. &c. &c.; to injure , hurt , harm , destroy , ruin RV. AV.

मा नस् तोके तनये मा न आयो मा नो गोषु मा नो अश्वेषु रीरिषः । वीरान् मा नो रुद्र भामितो वधीर् हविष्मन्तः सदम् इत् त्वा हवामहे ॥ १-११४-०८

mā nas toké tánaye mā na āyaú mā no góṣu mā no áśveṣu rīriṣaḥ vīrān mā no rudara bhāmitó vadhīr havíṣmantaḥ sádam ít tvā havāmahe 1.114.08

8

Harm us not, Rudra, in our seed and progeny, harm us not in the living, nor in cows or steeds, Slay not our heroes in the fury of thy wrath. Bringing oblations evermore we call to thee.

Interpretation:

"Do not strike us, $m\bar{a}$ $na\dot{p}$ $r\bar{i}ri\dot{s}a\dot{p}$, in our birth and growing, $m\bar{a}$ nas toke tanaye, nor in our life-force, $m\bar{a}$ na $\bar{a}yau$, nor in our light of knowledge, $m\bar{a}$ no $go\dot{s}u$, nor in our swiftnesses of life force, $m\bar{a}$ no $a\dot{s}ve\dot{s}u$! Do not kill our Heros , $v\bar{i}r\bar{a}n$ $m\bar{a}$ no $vadh\bar{i}\dot{p}$, being in wrath, $bh\bar{a}mita\dot{p}$, we call to you for ever more, sadam it $tv\bar{a}$ $hav\bar{a}mahe$, bringing the offering, $havismanta\dot{p}$!'

Vocabulary:

riș, (cf. riś) cl. 1. 4. P. (Dhātup. xvii , 43 and xxvi , 120 v.l. reșati or rișyati (ep. also rișyate) *to be hurt or injured , receive harm , suffer wrong , perish , be lost , fail* RV. &c. &c.; *to injure , hurt , harm , destroy , ruin* RV. AV.

bhāmita, mfn. enraged, angry RV. TS.

sadam, ind. (prob. fr. sadā below and connected with 7. sa) *always* , *ever* , *for ever* , *at any time* RV. AV. ŚBr. Vait.

úpa te stómān paśupā ivākaram rāsvā pitar marutām sumnám asmé bhadrā hí te sumatír mrlayáttamā áthā vayám áva ít te vrnīmahe 1.114.09

9

Even as a herdsman I have brought thee hymns of praise: O Father of the Maruts, give us happiness, Blessed is thy most favouring benevolence, so, verily, do we desire thy saving help.

Interpretation:

"I have prepared these Affirmations for you, *upa ate stomān ākaram*, as if a protector (dweller/fulfiller) of the being (perceiving creature), *paśupā iva*! Grant (shine) onto us, *rāsvā asme*, O Father of Maruts, a [power of] Perfect Thought! For your Perfect Thought is indeed the most blissful, *bhadrā hi te sumatiḥ*, and most gracious, *mrlayattamā*! We choose indeed your power of growth and support here, *athā vayam ava it te vṛnīmahe*."

Vocabulary:

paśupā, m. *a keeper of herds, herdsman* RV.; N. Pūṣan avas, n. (av) , *favour , furtherance , protection , assistance* RV. AV. VS.; *refreshing* RV. *enjoyment , pleasure* RV.; *wish , desire* (as of men for the gods &c. RV. , or of the waters for the sea RV. viii , 16 , 2)

āré te goghnám utá pūruṣaghnám kṣáyadvīra sumnám asmé te astu mṛlā ca no ádhi ca brūhi deva ádhā ca naḥ śárma yaccha dvibárhāḥ 1.114.10

10

Far be thy dart that killeth men or cattle: thy bliss be with us, O thou Lord of Heroes. Be gracious unto us, O God, and bless us, and then vouchsafe us doubly—strong protection.

Interpretation:

"May your striking power of the Light of Knowledge be far [from us], *āre te goghnam,* and that which strikes the dweller within, *uta pūruṣaghnam*! May your Perfect Thought be fully within us, O Leader of the Heroes, *kṣayadvīra sumnam asme te astu*! Be soft to us, *mrda ca naḥ,* and stand for us, O God, *adhi ca brūhi deva,* and give us peaceful protection, *adhā ca naḥ śarma yaccha,* which is of double nature (region: beyond and here), *dvibarhāḥ*.

Vocabulary:

āre, ind. (loc.; see ārāt) far, far from, outside, without RV. AV. goghna, mfn. noxious to kine RV. i, 114, 10 kṣayadvīra, mfn. ruling or governing men (Indra, Rudra, and Pushan) RV.; ['possessed of abiding or of going heroes such as sons &c.' Sāy.] dvibarhas, mfn. (-hās also n. and ind.) doubly close or thick or strong in g. doubled (as opposed to single), mighty, large, great RV.

अवोचाम नमो अस्मा अवस्यवः शृणोतुं नो हवं रुद्रो मरुत्वान् । तन् नो मित्रो वरुणो मामहन्ताम् अदितिः सिन्धुः पृथिवी उत द्योः ॥ १-११४-११

ávocāma námo asmā avasyávaḥ śrṇótu no hávaṃ rudró marútvān tán no mitró váruṇo māmahantām áditiḥ síndhuḥ pṛṭhivī utá dyaúḥ 1.114.11

11

We, seeking help, have spoken and adored him: may Rudra, girt by Maruts, hear our calling. This prayer of ours may Varuna grant, and Mitra, and Aditi and Sindhu, Earth and Heaven.

Interpretation:

"We, who are seekers of increase and growth here, <code>avasyavaḥ</code>, have expressed our surrender to Him, <code>avocāma namo asmal</code>! That our expression Mitra and Varuṇa, <code>tan no mitro varuṇaḥ</code>, should make great, <code>māmahantām</code>, Aditi, Ocean, <code>sindhuḥ</code>, Earth and Heaven also."

Vocabulary:

avasyu, mfn. *desiring favour or assistance* RV. VS. (v , 32); (said of Indra) *desirous of helping or assisting* RV. iv , 16 , 11 and v , 31 , 10 , (cf. Pāṇ. 6-1 , 116)