### **RV 7.100**

rși: vasișțha maitrāvaruni; devatā: vișnu; chandah: tristup

नू मर्तो दयते सिनष्यन् यो विष्णव उरुगायाय दार्शत् ।

प्र यः सन्नाचा मनसा यजात एतावन्तं नर्यम् आविवासात् ॥ ७-१००-०१
त्वं विष्णो सुमितिं विश्वजन्याम् अप्रयुताम् एवयावो मितिं दाः ।

पर्चो यथा नः सुवितस्य भूरेर् अश्वावतः पुरुश्चन्द्रस्य रायः ॥ ७-१००-०२
त्रिर् देवः पृथिवीम् एष एतां वि चक्रमे र्शात्चसम् मिहत्वा ।

प्र विष्णुर् अस्तु तवसस् तवीयान् त्वेषं ह्य अस्य स्थिवरस्य नाम ॥ ७-१००-०३
वि चक्रमे पृथिवीम् एष एतां क्षेत्राय विष्णुर् मनुषे द्शस्यन् ।

ध्रुवासो अस्य कीरयो जनास उरुक्षितिं सुजनिमा चकार ॥ ७-१००-०४
प्र तत् ते अद्य शिपिविष्ट नामार्यः शंसामि वयुनानि विद्वान् ।
तं त्वा गृणामि तवसम् अतव्यान् क्षयन्तम् अस्य रजसः पराके ॥ ७-१००-०५
किम् इत् ते विष्णो परिचक्ष्यम् भृत् प्र यद् ववक्षे शिपिविष्टो अस्मि ।

मा वर्षो अस्मद् अप गृह एतद् यद् अन्यस्पः सिमथे बभूथ ॥ ७-१००-०६
वषद् ते विष्णव् आस आ कृणोमि तन् मे जुषस्व शिपिविष्ट हृद्यम् ।

वर्षन्तु त्वा सुष्टुतयो गिरो मे यूयम् पात स्विस्तिभिः सदा नः ॥ ७-१००-०७

## Analysis of RV 7.100

nű mártio dayate saniṣyán yó víṣṇava urugāyāya dāśat prá yáḥ satrācā mánasā yájāta etāvantam náriyam āvívāsāt 7.100.01

NE'ER doth the man repent, who, seeking profit, bringeth his gift to the far—striding Visnu. He who adoreth him with all his spirit winneth himself so great a benefactor.

#### Interpretation:

"The one who brings himself to Vishnu, *yo viṣṇave dāśat,* Walking in the wide steps, *urugāyāya,* even if he is mortal, *nū martaḥ,* who wants to reach the Goal of Immortality, *saniṣyan,* he gets protected now [in this world], *nū dayate*!

And as he offers himself with his uniting Mind, *satrācā manasā yajāte*, he gets, *āvivāsāt*, the power in his soul, *etāvantam naryam*, in accordance with his offer.

#### Vocabulary:

nu, 1 (in RV. also n $\bar{u}$ ; esp. at the beginning of a verse, where often = nu + u), ind. now, still, just, at once so now, now then RV. AV. Br. Up.; indeed, certainly, surely RV. &c. &c.; cf. Pāṇ. 3-2, 121 Sch. (often connected with other particles, esp. with negatives e.g. nahi nu, 'by no means', nakir nu, 'no one or nothing at all', mā nu, 'in order that surely not'; often also gha nu, nu kam &c. [n $\bar{u}$  cit, either 'for ever, evermore; at once, forthwith' or, never, never more; so also n $\bar{u}$ , alone RV. vii, 100, 1

satrāc, mf(ī) n. *going together, united, joined* RV.; *concentrated, whole* (as the mind or heart) ib.

de, 1. A. dayate (Dhātup. xxii , 66; Pāṇ. 7-4 , 9 ), *to protect, defend*: Desid. ditsate

त्वं विष्णो सुमितं विश्वजन्याम् अप्रयुताम् एवयावो मितं दाः । पर्चो यथा नः सुवितस्य भूरेर् अश्वावतः पुरुश्चन्द्रस्य रायः ॥ ७-१००-०२

tuvám visno sumatím visvájanyām áprayutām evayāvo matím dāḥ párco yáthā naḥ suvitásya bhūrer áśvāvataḥ puruścandrásya rāyáḥ 7.100.02

2

Thou, Visnu, constant in thy courses, gavest good—will to all men, and a hymn that lasteth, that thou mightst move us to abundant comfort of very splendid wealth with store of horses.

#### Interpretation:

"O Vishnu, the All-pervading Godhead, you should impart on us your Perfect Thought, *sumatim dāḥ*, which is productive of the Universe, *viśvajanyām*, O moving quick, *evayāvaḥ*, the thought which is not separated, *aprayuktam matim!* 

Mix it with (into) the Wealth, *parco rāyaḥ*, as you do it for us, [so do it for other people], *yathā naḥ*, of your perfect journey, suvitasya, and the abundance of power, *bhūrer aśvāvataḥ*, and of the great and manifold light of delight, *puruścandrasya*!"

#### Vocabulary:

aprayuta, mfn. id. RV. vii , 100 , 2. prayuta, mfn. absent in mind, inattentive, heedless, careless RV. VS. evayāvan, mf(arī)n. going quickly (said of Vishnu and the Maruts) RV. pṛc, 7. P. (Dhātup. xxix , 25); 2 (Dhātup. xxiv , 20 ); 1. P. pṛñcati AV. ; 3. P.; aor. parcas, etc. ) to mix , mingle , put together with; unite , join RV. &c. &c.; to fill (A. one's self?) sate, satiate RV. MBh.; to give lavishly, grant bountifully, bestow anything (acc. or gen.) richly upon (dat.) RV.; to increase , augment ib. (Prob. connected with pṛ , to fill ; cf. also pṛj). viśvajanya, mfn. containing all men, existing everywhere , universal , dear to all men RV. VS. Mn.; universally beneficial W. puruścandra, mfn. much-shining , resplendent RV.

## 

trír deváh prthivím esá etám ví cakrame satárcasam mahitvá prá vísnur astu tavásas távīyān tvesám hí asya sthávirasya náma 7.100.03

3 Three times strode forth this God in all his grandeur over this earth bright with a hundred splendours. Foremost be Vishnu, stronger than the strongest: for glorious is his name who lives for ever.

### Interpretation:

"Thrice this God came over this Earth of hundred splendors by his greatness. Full of the power Vishnu should be, stronger than the strongest; for the Name of this Steady One is 'Flaming Power'."

#### Vocabulary:

śatarcas, (fr. śata + rc) mfn. (prob.) having a hundred supports (accord. to Sāy. = śatārcis or śata-vidhagati-yukta) RV.

sthavira, mfn. (cf.sthāvara); *broad, thick, compact, solid, strong, powerful* RV. AV. Br. MBh. Hariv.; *old, ancient, venerable.* 

tveṣa, mfn. *vehement , impetuous , causing fear awful* RV.; *brilliant , glittering* RV.

# वि चक्रमे पृथिवीम् एष एतां क्षेत्राय विष्णुर् मनुषे दशस्यन् । ध्रुवासो अस्य कीरयो जनास उरुक्षितिं सुजनिमा चकार ॥ ७-१००-०४

ví cakrame prthivím esá etám ksétrāya vísnur mánuse daśasyán dhruváso asya kīráyo jánāsa urukşitím sujánimā cakāra 7.100.04

Over this earth with mighty step strode Visnu, ready to give it for a home to Manu. In him the humble people trust for safety: he, nobly born, hath made them spacious dwellings.

#### *Interpretation:*

"He has step over this Earth, eṣa vi cakrame pṛṭivīm etām, Vishnu doing favour, daśasyan, to Manu for his dwelling, kṣetrāya manuṣe. Steady are those creatures of his, dhruvāso asya janāsah, who are His poets (spreading light all over, from root kr), kīrayah! He, who has the perfect birth, *sujanimā*, has created for them the wide dwelling space, *uruksitim* cakāra."

#### Vocabulary:

dhruva, mfn. (prob. fr. dhr, but cf. dhru and dhruv) fixed, firm, immovable, unchangeable, constant, lasting, permanent, eternal RV. &c. &c.; the earth, a mountain, a pillar, a vow &c.

kīri, m. (2. kr) a praiser, poet RV.

sujaniman, mfn. producing or creating fair things RV.

daśasya, Nom., to render service, serve, worship, favour, oblige (with acc.) RV. to accord, do favour to (dat.) RV.

प्र तत् ते अद्य शिपिविष्ट नामार्यः शंसामि वयुनानि विद्वान् । तं त्वा गृणामि तवसम् अतव्यान् क्षयन्तम् अस्य रजसः पराके ॥ ७-१००-०५

prá tát te adyá śipiviṣṭa nāma aryáḥ śaṃsāmi vayúnāni vidvān táṃ tvā grṇāmi tavásam átavyān kṣáyantam asyá rájasaḥ parāké 7.100.05a

5

To-day I laud this name, O shipivishta, I, skilled in rules, the name of thee the Noble. Yea, I the poor and weak praise thee the Mighty who dwellest in the realm beyond this region.

#### Interpretation:

"Today I praise This Name of yours, O Vishnu, forward, *adya śaṃsāmi tat nāma te,* O Light-Pervader, *śipiviṣṭa,* of you who is the Noble, *aryaḥ,* I who learned about the paths in the Universe, *vayunāni vidvān.* I call you here, *gṛṇāmi tvā,* the one, who is the Mighty, *taṃ tavasam,* I who is void of power, *atavyān,* call the one, who dwells beyond the Space of the our earthly region, *ksayantam asya rajasah parāke.*"

#### Vocabulary:

atavyas, (-ān, asī, as), *not stronger, not very strong* RV. v , 33 , 1; vii , 100 , 5. parāka, *distance* (only -e and -āt, at or from a distance) RV. (cf. Naigh. iii , 26)

## किम् इत् ते विष्णो परिचक्ष्यम् भृत् प्र यद् ववक्षे शिपिविष्टो अस्मि । मा वर्षो अस्मद् अप गृह एतद् यद् अन्यरूपः सिमथे बभूथ ॥ ७-१००-०६

kím ít te viṣṇo paricákṣiyam bhūt prá yád vavakṣé śipiviṣṭó asmi mã várpo asmád ápa gūha etád yád anyárūpaḥ samithé babhūtha 7.100.06

6

What was there to be blamed in thee, O Visnu, when thou declaredst, I am Sipivista? Hide not this form from us, nor keep it secret, since thou didst wear another shape in battle.

#### *Interpretation:*

"What was of you, kim it te, O Vishnu, one could reject [here], pricakṣyam? – When you decleared, yad pra vavakṣe: " I am Light-Pervaded, śipivisto asmi!"

This your bright form, *varpaḥ etad*, you do not hide from us, *mā apa gūha asmad*, when you assume another form, *yad anyarūpaḥ babhūtha*, in meeting [us here], *samithe*."

### Vocabulary:

varpas, n. (prob. connected with rūpa) a pretended or assumed form, phantom RV.; any form or shape, figure, image, aspect ib.; artifice, device, design ib. paricaks, to overlook, pass over, despise, reject Br. Up. BhP.; to declare guilty, condemn ŚBr.

samitha, m. *hostile encounter , conflict , collision* RV.; *fire* L.; *offering , oblation* ib.

वर्षर् ते विष्णव् आस आ कृणोमि तन् में जुषस्व शिपिविष्ट हृव्यम् । वर्धन्तु त्वा सुष्टुतयो गिरो मे यूयम् पात स्वस्तिभिः सदा नः ॥ ७-१००-०७

váṣaṭ te viṣṇav āsá ấ kṛnomi tán me juṣasva śipiviṣṭa havyám várdhantu tvā suṣṭutáyo gíro me yūyám pāta suastíbhiḥ sádā naḥ 7.100.07

7

O Visnu, unto thee my lips cry Vasat! Let this mine offering, Sipivista, please thee. May these my songs of eulogy exalt thee. Preserve us evermore, ye Gods, with blessings.

#### Interpretation:

"Vashat to you, O Vishnu, I articulate in my Call, *āsa ā kṛṇomi*! That offering of mine, *tan me havyam,* You should enjoy, *juṣasva,* who is pervaded by the Rays, *śipiviṣṭa,* (or whose world is pervaded by rays). May these perfect affirmations of my Voice, suṣṭutayo giro me, increase You, vardhayantu tvā! And you, [O Gods,] protect us always with your perfect beings, suastibhiḥ sadā nah."

### Vocabulary:

āsan, n. (defective Pāṇ. 6-1, 63), mouth, jaws RV. AV. VS. ŚBr. TBr. ās, n. (?) mouth, face, (only in abl. and instr.; āsas, with the prep. ā), from mouth to mouth, in close proximity RV. vii, 99, 7; āsā and āsayā (generally used as an adv.), before one's eyes; by word of mouth; personally; present; in one's own person; immediately RV. vi, 16, 9, &c. śipiviṣṭa, mfn. (accord. to Sāy.) pervaded by rays (applied to Rudra-Śiva and Vishnu; cf. RTL. 416) RV. &c. &c. śipi, m. a ray of light Nir. v, 8